GRAPH THEORY MID TERM EXAM

This exam is of 40 marks. There are 8 questions Please do not cheat. Good luck! (40)

Notation

- v = v(G) no. of vertices. e = e(G) no. of edges. w = w(G) no. of components.
- d(v) degree of a vertex. $\delta = \delta(G)$ smallest degree. $\Delta = \Delta(G)$ largest degree.
- $\tau(G)$ number of spanning trees.
- $\kappa(G) = \kappa$ vertex connectivity of G. $\kappa'(G) = \kappa'$ edge connectivity of G.

1. The complement G^c of a simple graph G is the complement of the graph in the complete graph with the same number of vertices. G is *self-complementary* if $G^c \simeq G$. Show

- (a) If G is self-complementary then $\nu(G) \equiv 0$ or $1 \mod 4$.(4)(b) Give an example of a non-trivial self-complementary graph.(3)
- 2. Show that if $\delta > 2$ then G contains a cycle. (3)
- 3. Show that if G is a graph, G contains at least e v + w distinct cycles. (4)
- 4. Recall that $\tau(K_n) = n^{n-2}$. Show that if e is an edge of K_n then (5) $\tau(K_n - e) = (n-2)n^{n-3}.$
- 5. (a) Show that if G is simple and $\delta \ge \nu/2$ then $\kappa' = \delta$. (3)
- 5. (b) Find a simple graph G with $\delta = [(\nu/2) 1]$ and $\kappa' < \delta$. (3)

6. Recall that a *block* is a connected graph with no cut vertices and a *block of a graph* is a subgraph of G which is maximal with respect to this property. Show that the number of blocks of a graph G is

$$w(G) + \sum_{\nu \in V(G)} (b(\nu) - 1)$$

where b(v) denotes the number of blocks of G containing v.

7. Construct, or disprove the existence of, an Eulerian graph with v(G) even and e(G) odd. (5)

(5)

8. Show that if G has a Hamiltonian *path* then, for every proper subset S of V, (5)

 $w(\mathsf{G}-\mathsf{S}) \leqslant |\mathsf{S}| + 1.$

Date: February 17 2017.